

Drug Policy

Policy:	Endothelin Receptor Antagonists (ERAs) Tracleer (bosentan) Letairis (ambrisentan) Opsumit (macitentan)	Annual Review Date: 02/20/2024 Last Revised Date: 02/20/2024
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OVERVIEW

Tracleer, Letairis and Opsumit are oral endothelin receptor antagonists (ERAs) that are used for the treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH). Tracleer, which is given twice daily (BID), is indicated for the treatment of PAH (World Health Organization [WHO] Group 1) to improve exercise ability and decrease the rate of clinical worsening. Studies establishing the effectiveness included predominantly those with New York Heart Association (NYHA) Functional Class II to IV symptoms and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH (60%), PAH associated with connective tissue diseases (21%), and PAH associated with congenital systemic-to-pulmonary shunts (18%). Patients with WHO Class II symptoms demonstrated reduction in the rate of clinical deterioration and a trend for improvement in walk distance. Physicians should consider if these benefits are sufficient to offset the risk of liver injury in WHO Class II patients, which may preclude future use as disease progression occurs. Letairis, which is given once daily (QD), is indicated for the treatment of PAH (WHO Group 1) to improve exercise ability and delay clinical worsening; it is also indicated for use in combination with Adcirca (tadalafil tablets) to reduce the risks of disease progression and hospitalization for worsening PAH, and to improve exercise ability. Studies establishing effectiveness included predominantly those with WHO Functional Class II to III symptoms and etiologies of idiopathic or heritable PAH (60%) or PAH associated with connective tissue diseases (34%). Opsumit, which is given QD, is indicated for the treatment of PAH (WHO Group 1) to delay disease progression. Disease progression included: death, initiation of intravenous or subcutaneous prostanoids, or clinical worsening of PAH (decreased 6-minute walk distance, worsening PAH symptoms, and need for additional PAH treatment). Opsumit also reduced hospitalizations for PAH. All agents are in Pregnancy Category X and have a Boxed Warning regarding teratogenicity. Tracleer has a Boxed Warning regarding hepatotoxicity. All agents have a Boxed Warning regarding embryofetal toxicity.

POLICY STATEMENT

This policy involves the use of ERAs. Prior authorization is recommended for pharmacy benefit coverage of ERAs. Approval is recommended for those who meet the conditions of coverage in the **Criteria and Initial/Extended Approval** for the diagnosis provided. **Conditions Not Recommended for Approval** are listed following the recommended authorization criteria. Requests for uses not listed in this policy will be reviewed for evidence of efficacy and for medical necessity on a case-by-case basis.

Because of the specialized skills required for evaluation and diagnosis of patients treated with ERAs as well as the monitoring required for adverse events and long-term efficacy, initial approval requires ERAs be prescribed by or in consultation with a physician who specializes in the condition being treated. All approvals for initial therapy are provided for the initial approval duration noted below; if reauthorization is allowed, a response to therapy is required for continuation of therapy unless otherwise noted below.

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RECOMMENDED AUTHORIZATION CRITERIA

Coverage of ERAs is recommended in those who meet the following criteria:

1. Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (World Health Organization [WHO] Group 1), Initial Therapy **Criteria.** *Patient must meet the following criteria*

- A. The patient has a diagnosis of PAH (WHO Group 1); AND
- B. The patient has had a right heart catheterization to confirm the diagnosis of PAH (WHO Group 1) and results confirm all of the following [documentation required]:
 - a. Mean pulmonary arterial pressure (mPAP) greater than or equal to 25 mmHg at rest; AND
 - b. Pulmonary capillary wedge pressure (PCWP) less than or equal to 15 mmHg; AND
 - c. Pulmonary vascular resistance (PVR) greater than 3 Wood units; AND
- C. The agent is prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or pulmonologist; AND
- D. Medication will not be used in combination with another advanced therapy pulmonary hypertension agent, unless under ONE of the following conditions:
 - a. Inadequate control of PAH; OR
 - b. The requested medication is Letairis for use in combination with Adcirca (tadalafil); AND
- E. Patient is NOT pregnant and complies with the pregnancy and contraception requirements in the REMS program; AND
- F. The prescriber has fulfilled the REMS requirements for certification; AND
- G. If the request is for brand Letairis or Tracleer, the patient has failed a trial of the respective generic product and/or the patient cannot take the respective generic product due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., difference in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the generic product which would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction per the prescribing physician [documentation required].

2. Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (World Health Organization [WHO] Group 1), Patients Currently Receiving the Requested ERA

Criteria. *Patient must meet the following criteria*

- A. The patient has a diagnosis of PAH (WHO Group 1); AND
- B. The patient has had a right heart catheterization to confirm the diagnosis of PAH (WHO Group 1) [documentation required]; AND
- C. The patient is currently experiencing a beneficial response as determined by the physician (e.g. improvement in functional class or quality of life, or in other hemodynamic or clinical parameters); AND
- D. The requested agent is prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or pulmonologist; AND
- E. Medication will NOT be used in combination with another advanced therapy pulmonary hypertension agent, unless under ONE of the following conditions:
 - a. Inadequate control of PAH; OR
 - b. The requested medication is Letairis for use in combination with Adcirca (tadalafil); AND
- F. Patient is NOT pregnant and complies with the pregnancy and contraception requirements in the REMS program; AND
- G. The prescriber has fulfilled the REMS requirements for certification; AND

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H. If the request is for brand Letairis or Tracleer, the patient has failed a trial of the respective generic product and/or the patient cannot take the respective generic product due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., difference in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product which would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction per the prescribing physician [**documentation required**].

3. Chronic Thromboembolic Pulmonary Hypertension (CTEPH), WHO Group 4

Criteria. *Patient must meet the following criteria*

- A. The request is for Tracleer (brand or generic); AND
- B. Tracleer is prescribed by or in consultation with a cardiologist or pulmonologist; AND
- C. The patient meets ONE of the following:
 - a. The patient has tried Adempas; OR
 - b. The patient has a specific contraindication to use of Adempas according to the prescribing physician (e.g. the patient is receiving nitrates or nitric oxide donors, the patient is receiving a phosphodiesterase inhibitor [e.g. Revatio, Adcirca, sildenafil], the patient is hypotensive or at risk for hypotension); OR
 - c. The patient is currently receiving Tracleer for CTEPH; AND
- D. The patient has been treated surgically or CTEPH is inoperable
- E. For brand Tracleer, the patient has failed a trial of generic bosentan and/or the patient cannot take generic bosentan due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g., difference in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product which would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction per the prescribing physician [**documentation required**].

4. Digital Ulcers in Systemic Sclerosis

Criteria. *Patient must meet the following criteria*

- A. The request is for Tracleer (brand or generic); AND
- B. The patient meets one of the following:
 - a. The patient has tried one vasodilator/prostanoid therapy [examples include epoprostenol injection and alprostadil injection]; OR
 - b. The patient has tried two other therapies for this condition such as calcium channel blockers (CCBs) [examples include amlodipine, felodipine, and nifedipine], phosphodiesterase type 5 (PDE5) inhibitors [examples include sildenafil and Levitra (vardenafil)], alpha-adrenergic blockers [example: prazosin], nitroglycerin, or angiotensin converting enzyme (ACE) inhibitors; AND
- C. For brand Tracleer, the patient has failed a trial of generic bosentan and/or the patient cannot take generic bosentan due to a formulation difference in the inactive ingredient(s) [e.g. differences in dyes, fillers, preservatives] between the brand and the bioequivalent generic product which would result in a significant allergy or serious adverse reaction per the prescribing physician [**documentation required**]

Initial Approval/ Extended Approval.

A) *Initial Approval:* 1 year

B) *Extended Approval:* 1 year

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CONDITIONS NOT RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

ERAs have not been shown to be effective, or there are limited or preliminary data or potential safety concerns that are not supportive of general approval for the following conditions. (Note: This is not an exhaustive list of Conditions Not Recommended for Approval).

1. Coverage is not recommended for circumstances not listed in the Recommended Authorization Criteria. Criteria will be updated as new published data are available.

Documentation Requirements:

The Company reserves the right to request additional documentation as part of its coverage determination process. The Company may deny reimbursement when it has determined that the drug provided or services performed were not medically necessary, investigational or experimental, not within the scope of benefits afforded to the member and/or a pattern of billing or other practice has been found to be either inappropriate or excessive. Additional documentation supporting medical necessity for the services provided must be made available upon request to the Company. Documentation requested may include patient records, test results and/or credentials of the provider ordering or performing a service. The Company also reserves the right to modify, revise, change, apply and interpret this policy at its sole discretion, and the exercise of this discretion shall be final and binding.

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